

Dress Codes

"Dress how you want to be addressed."

—Author unknown

Pre-Reading

A. Warm-Up Questions

- 1. What are some different types of dress codes?
- 2. What happens when people don't follow dress codes at work or school?
- 3. Do you prefer to dress formally or informally at social events, work, and school?



B. Vocabulary Preview

Match up as many meanings and words as you can before you read. You can check this exercise again after seeing the words in context on page 2.

 1.	appropriate	a)	to dress informally
 2.	attire	b)	to make sure the rules are followed
 3.	dress down	c)	to cause a person to feel bad or self-conscious
 4.	cut and dry	d)	clothing
 5.	business casual	e)	not realistic or useful
 6.	embarrass	f)	informal attire that looks neat and tidy for work
 7.	enforce	g)	right or proper for a situation
 8.	impractical	h)	unfair or unequal due to race, gender, economic status, etc.
 9.	distracting	i)	causing people to lose focus
 10.	discriminatory	j)	clear, obvious



Reading

DRESS CODES

The right to bare arms and legs

- Just like clothes and bodies, dress codes come in many shapes and forms. Dress codes are guidelines for employees, students, or attendees about what is considered appropriate or acceptable attire.
- 2. Dress codes can be helpful when planning an outfit for a social event. Attendees know to dress up in formal gowns and tuxedos for a black tie* event. If a wedding invitation says beach casual, guests know to **dress down** in khaki shorts or sundresses.
- 3. Other dress codes aren't as **cut and dry**. One of the most common dress codes in the Western world is **business casual**. At some workplaces, business casual means it's okay to wear dark jeans with a collared shirt or blouse. At others, it means it's fine to go without a tie or jacket. Addressing dress code issues in a business environment isn't easy. Is it worth **embarrassing** or losing an employee over what they choose to wear?
- 4. Dress code debates often heat up in the summer months when students and employees naturally want to stay cool and comfortable. How can schools **enforce** dress codes when they don't have air conditioning? Why can't men wear shorts if it's acceptable for women? Is it **impractical** to ask women to cover their shoulders or arms? How long must dresses, skirts, or shorts be to be considered "appropriate"?
- 5. Some teachers and administrators say that dress codes are essential in schools, because girls often wear clothes that are too **distracting**. In contrast, many students and parents complain that school dress codes embarrass girls and make them feel uncomfortable about their bodies. Some argue that requiring special clothing at school is also economically and culturally **discriminatory**. Is it a teacher's role to act as the fashion police?

Comprehension

Discuss these questions in pairs, and write the answers in your notebook.

- 1. What is the article mainly about?
- 2. What types of clothing are mentioned in this reading?
- 3. What does the article say about black tie events?
- 4. Why does the article mention the beach?
- 5. Why do dress code debates often heat up in the summertime?
- 6. What types of discrimination are mentioned?

*Note:

BLACK TIE

For a "black tie" event, a man wears a black tuxedo with a black tie and a woman wears a long evening gown.

WHITE TIE

A "white tie" event is even more formal. A man wears a white shirt, a white vest, and a white bow tie with his tuxedo. A woman wears evening gloves and sometimes a scarf with her gown.

:



Vocabulary Review

A. Recognizing Vocabulary

Which word from page 1 is described in the sentence? More than one option may be possible.

#	Sentence	Word
1	He isn't allowed to wear shorts because he's a man.	
2	You look nice in anything that you wear.	
3	We don't wear suits. Just wear nice pants and a collared shirt.	
4	The wedding is on the beach. Wear a sundress and sandals.	
5	It doesn't make sense to wear long pants in this hot weather.	
6	She said the words on my shirt prevent other students from getting their school work done.	
7	The rule is simple. Jeans are only allowed on Fridays.	
8	They can't make me change my clothes. It's my body.	

B. Sentence Completion

Complete the sentences using vocabulary from page 1. You may need to change the word forms.

1.	According to tradition, black clothing is	_ attire for a funeral.
2.	Those running shoes with the blinking lights are	She can't wear them at school.
3.	His was not suitable for meeting the	ne CEO. He should have worn a jacket.
4.	We on Fridays, but we still aren't a	llowed to wear short shorts.
5.	I my employee when I said her dre	ess was too short. She quit soon after that.



Adverb Clauses

CAUSE & EFFECT

A. Introduction

Adverb clauses of cause and effect indicate why something happens. They start with adverbs such as *because*, *since*, *as*, and *in order to*.

There are two different ways to write or say sentences with adverb clauses. Note the punctuation differences when writing.

Adverbs	Examples
Because	 Because it was a black tie event, I rented a tuxedo. I rented a tuxedo because it was a black tie event.
Since	 Since they got married on the beach, we wore shorts and sandals. We wore shorts and sandals since they got married on the beach.
As	 As it was 30 degrees out, our boss told us not to worry about the dress code. Our boss told us not to worry about the dress code as it was 30 degrees out.
In order to (more formal)	 In order to comply with the dress code, I put a sweater over my tank top. I put a sweater over my tank top in order to comply with the dress code.

B. Practice

Write sentences with adverb clauses that show cause and effect. Use the prompts. The prompts tell you which vocabulary, adverb, and sentence position to use.

Ex.	(Because / gloves)	Because it was a white tie event, I wore gloves with my gown.
1.	(Since / business casual)	
2.	(In order to / long gown)	
3.	(shorts / as)	
4.	(sweater / because)	
5.	(Because / jacket)	



Discussion

- 1. Should students be involved in creating an appropriate dress code?
- 2. Is it possible to avoid discrimination when creating a work dress code?
- 3. Does a school dress code help prepare students for the real world, or is it impractical to try to tell teens what is appropriate?
- 4. Should jeans be allowed in an office environment?
- 5. What types of workplaces still require formal business wear (suit jackets, ties, dresses, stockings) for everyday work?
 Are formal dress codes outdated?
- 6. Some restaurants and bars require female staff to wear impractical shoes and revealing attire. How do you feel about this type of dress code?

Group Work

AN IDEAL DRESS CODE

Work in a small group. Design a high school dress code. Be prepared to defend your dress code to a committee made up of students, parents, and teachers.





Listening

http://blog.esllibrary.com/2017/06/14/podcast-dress-codes/

Fill in the blanks as you listen to the recording.

DRESS CODES

The right to bare arms and legs

1.	Just like clothes and bodies, dress codes come in many shapes and forms. Dress codes are guidelines for employees, students, or attendees about what is considered or acceptable
2.	Dress codes can be helpful when planning an outfit for a social event. Attendees know to dress up in formal gowns and tuxedos for a event. If a wedding invitation says beach
	casual, guests know to in khaki shorts or
3.	Other dress codes aren't as One of the most common dress codes in the Western world is At some workplaces, business casual
	means it's okay to wear dark jeans with a collared shirt or blouse. At others, it means it's fine to go without a tie or jacket. Addressing dress code issues in a business environment isn't easy. Is it worth or losing an employee over what they
	choose to wear?
4.	Dress code debates often heat up in the summer months when students and employees naturally want to stay cool and How can schools
	dress codes when they don't have air conditioning? Why can't men wear shorts if it's acceptable for women? Is it
	to ask women to cover their shoulders or arms? How long must dresses, skirts, or shorts be to be considered "appropriate"?
5.	Some teachers and administrators say that dress codes are essential in schools, because girls often wear clothes that are too In contrast, many students and parents
	complain that school dress codes embarrass girls and make them feel uncomfortable about their bodies. Some argue that requiring special clothing at school is also economically and culturally Is it a teacher's role to act as the
	fashion police?