

# Doctors Without Borders

## **Pre-Reading**

## A. Warm-Up Questions

- 1. What is a "volunteer"?
- 2. What is a "border"?
- 3. Which geographic borders have you crossed in your life?
- 4. What are some different types of natural disasters?
- 5. What type of aid do doctors provide in war zones?



#### **Doctors Without Borders**

Doctors Without Borders is an international, independent medical organization that provides health care in emergency situations.

## **B. Vocabulary Preview**

Match these words to their correct definitions.

1. aid a) to show support for one specific group or cause 2. midwife b) a person who assists women before, during, and after childbirth 3. pharmacist c) a person whose job it is to distribute medicine 4. frustrated d) feeling upset because you can't change or accomplish something 5. refugee e) to talk publicly about an issue that needs attention a person who has fled his/her homeland due to war, politics, or fear of danger 6. crisis f) 7. a feeling of self-worth side (verb) g) 8. priority to give money or services to a person or group in need h) 9. donate i) the most important thing 10. dignity j) a very bad situation 11. speak out k) help unfair 12. unjust





**Famous Things** 

## Reading

- Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF), known as "Doctors Without Borders" in North America, is an organization that provides medical **aid** in over 60 countries. Doctors, nurses, **midwives**, lab technicians, **pharmacists**, and other medical and non-medical professionals work for MSF. An MSF mission generally lasts nine months to one year.
- 2. MSF was founded in France in 1971. French doctors who worked for the Red Cross were unhappy with how Nigerian troops were treating aid workers. They were also **frustrated** with how slowly the Red Cross acted in response to emergencies. Furthermore, they hated that they had to stay silent about the awful things they witnessed. French journalists were also experiencing frustration. They wanted doctors to pay more attention to people who were suffering from natural disasters.
- 3. The frustrated French doctors realized that they had something in common with the journalists. Both groups wanted the world to know how people were suffering. They joined forces to form the humanitarian organization MSF. They brought aid to **refugee** camps and became well known around the world for helping people in **crisis**.
- 4. Today, field staff for MSF work in war zones, disaster zones, and developing countries that require health care. MSF does not **side** with a certain political party, religion, or government. Their number one **priority** is to help people in emergency situations related to public health. MSF is a non-profit organization that is funded by donations. Individuals, corporations, governments, and the United Nations **donate** money to MSF.
- 5. One of the main goals of MSF is to bring **dignity** back to humans who have lost it. MSF workers often **speak out** against the **unjust** treatment of humans. They tell the world about governments that misuse donations or prevent aid from reaching people who need it.



### **Doctors Without Borders**

**B. Likely or Unlikely?** 

Place a ✓ beside any act that would be common

Look up any words that you don't know.

practice for MSF workers. Place an **x** beside something

that MSF workers would not likely do during a mission.

**Famous Things** 

# **Comprehension**

## A. True, False, or Not Mentioned?

Read the statements below. Write T if the statement is true. Write F if the statement is false and correct the information in your notebook. Write NM if the fact is not mentioned.

zones sometimes misuse aid.

1.	Canadian physicians came up with the idea for Doctors Without Borders.	 1.	Distribute vaccines to protect children from diseases.
2.	The original doctors who started MSF worked for the Red Cross.	 2.	Educate women so that they can get good jobs.
3.	French journalists helped promote Doctors Without Borders.	 3.	Provide health education for local parents and teachers.
4.	Without Borders receive free	 4.	Improve water and sanitation systems after major floods.
_	accommodations and food.	 5.	Perform surgery on earthquake victims.
5.	Doctors Without Borders is run by the United Nations.	 6.	Equip local families with weapons for protection.
6.	Nurses who work for MSF have to quit their jobs at home before they	 7.	Deliver babies in refugee camps.
	can volunteer in the field.	 8.	Start private practices in
	MSF helps keep people informed about humanitarian crises around the world.		growing American cities.
8.	Governments in disaster		



## **Vocabulary Review**

#### A. Complete the Sentences

Choose the correct word from the vocabulary list on page 1 to complete each sentence.

1.	The nee They fled their homeland because						
2.	The humanitarian in the flooded region. Many peopl						
3.	The first is to deliver clean water to the area.						
4.	4. Please money to provide for the children in need.						
5.	The frustrated midwife	about ge	nder inequality in the villages.				
	The Suffix "-ist"						
use has in " pro Sor righ	English, the suffix "-ist" is often ed to describe a person who is a specific role. Look for the ot word inside a word that ends -ist." There are many medical ofessions ending with "-ist." me examples are listed to the ont. Can you think of some other ords that end in "-ist"? Write	<ul><li>pharmacist</li><li>dentist</li><li>anesthesiologist</li><li>psychiatrist</li><li>specialist</li></ul>	Other Words Ending in "-ist":				

## **Discussion**

them on the blanks. Place a star next to any words that you find difficult to pronounce or spell.

- 1. Why might language barriers be a problem for MSF workers? Is it important for your doctor to speak your language well?
- 2. Do you think doctors change the way they practice medicine after taking a mission with MSF?
- 3. Is MSF the type of organization you would donate money or time to? Why or why not?



### **Doctors Without Borders**

**Famous Things** 

## **Pair Activity**

#### A FRUSTRATING MISSION

Imagine one of you is a journalist interviewing a frustrated doctor who works for MSF. Create a fictional crisis or use a real-life scenario. Write some questions and responses. Try to use words from the vocabulary list on page 1. Take turns pretending to be the reporter and the doctor. Share your dialogue with your class.

Location:	
Crisis:	
Reporter:	?
Doctor:	
Reporter:	?
Doctor:	
Reporter: Doctor:	?
Reporter:	?
Doctor:	
Reporter:	?
Doctor:	

## **Memory Game**

#### **FIRST AID KIT**

- Gather in a circle with the students in your class. Decide what your humanitarian mission will be.
- 2. The first student says the phrase below and names one item to bring in the first aid kit.
- 3. The second student repeats the phrase, names the first item mentioned, and adds another item.
- 4. Continue with each student, adding a new item to the list each time.
- 5. Any student who can't remember the items mentioned before (in the right order) gets cut from the mission! Who will remain? (No note-taking!)

"I am going on a Doctors Without Borders mission, and in my first aid kit I will bring..."